OTAS LIVE

Supporting Events and Professionals at Every Stage

OTAS Insight, event security. Article

Christmas lights switch-ons: a capacity without a turnstile

What three towns changed for 2026, how to set and enforce a capacity in an open square, and what the law and guidance say



Illustrative image

Operational **Tactical** **Strategic**

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OTAS Live Ltd.

SUMMARY

A free switch-on in an open square has no turnstile. So the capacity has to be designed, counted and enforced by people and plans.

75%

of more than 400 survey respondents backed a simpler switch-on in one market town [2]

£15,058

one city's switch-on cost in 2024, up from £5,389 in 2023 [4]

800

people at the same time: one part of the SIA test for events under Martyn's Law [11]

ACTION

Before your switch-on, set a working capacity for each zone, write down who calls “full” and what happens next, and keep a clear lane for medics.



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01
Read this first

Sources: 16 public sources opened on 2 November 2026. They are Perth and Kinross Council, two local newspapers, BBC News, HSE guidance, the Security Industry Authority and GOV.UK, the Purple Guide and two Acts of Parliament. We do not name any venue, event company or organiser beyond the councils that published their own plans. Each fact carries its source number. Everything without a source number is OTAS guidance for event professionals.

Town centre switch-ons are free, unticketed and held in squares and streets with many ways in. For 2026, several organisers have changed the format because the crowd outgrew the space. One market town moved its switch-on to a Wednesday, a midweek date chosen to reduce numbers, after a councillor at the front of the stage found the 2025 crowd “frightening” [2]. A Scottish council has written a capacity trigger into its plan, with access switching to a second street once the event area is full [1]. One city's switch-on cost rose from £5,389 to £15,058 in a year, covering stage, sound, safety and security, traffic management and medical cover [4]. The common thread is simple. An open space has no turnstile, so the capacity has to be designed, counted and enforced by people and plans.

> **In short:** a free event in a public square still needs a capacity. Set one for each zone, count against it, agree who calls “full” and what happens next, and keep a clear lane for medics before the crowd forms.

Five things to take away

01	Free and unticketed does not mean no capacity. HSE says the same crowd principles apply in streets and open spaces.
02	Set a working capacity for each zone, not one figure for the whole town centre.
03	Write down who calls “full”, how it is radioed and which barrier line moves.
04	Keep a clear lane from the medical point to the stage front, and mark it on the plan.
05	Check the final Martyn's Law guidance when the SIA publishes it, then test your event against it.

ACTION

Read the case, then share the actions with your team.



02

What changed for 2026

Three organisers have published changes for this year. A council briefing, two local newspapers and BBC News set them out [1][2][3][4].

A steward at a street mouth, where the count starts. OTAS style image, generated from real photography. Not a record of a specific event.

A market town in Cumbria

The crowd	A town councillor was at the front of the stage in 2025 and found the crowd “frightening” [2].
The square	The councillor's report said there was “no way of controlling the number of people that enter the confined space of the market square as it is a public space with multiple access points” [3].
The date	The 2026 event moves to Wednesday 18 November, a midweek date chosen to reduce numbers [2].
The survey	More than 400 people responded to a public survey. 75 per cent backed simplifying the event, and 17 per cent wanted no change [2].

A Scottish city

The trigger	“Once the event area reaches its agreed capacity between Tay Street and High Street, access will be via South Street, opposite Queen's Bridge” [1].
The weekend	The event weekend runs from 20 to 22 November 2026, with the switch-on on Saturday 21 November [1].
The stage	The main stage has been moved for this year [1].
Still planned	The council says the arrangements are “subject to final confirmation” [1].

An English city

The cost	The switch-on cost rose from £5,389 in 2023 to £15,058 in 2024 [4].
What it covered	“Stage, sound equipment, safety and security, traffic management and medical cover” [4].
The weather	The 2024 event was cancelled due to bad weather [4].

	What changed
Market town	A midweek date, a simpler event, and measures under review [2]
Scottish city	A written capacity trigger and a second access street [1]
English city	Costs nearly trebled in a year, driven by safety lines [4]
Survey	75 per cent of more than 400 respondents backed a simpler event [2]

Table 1. Three switch-ons and what changed, from a council briefing [1], two local newspapers [2][3] and BBC News [4].

ACTION

Read your own 2025 debrief against these three changes, and note which one fits your square.

03

What the market town is exploring

The town council listed measures to explore for 2026 [2]. Some depend on the unitary council.

Measures to explore [2]

Glass and dogs	A Public Spaces Protection Order covering glass and dogs.
Entry points	Stewarded entry points, possibly staffed by local volunteer groups.
The stage	A smaller stage.
Movement	A one way system.
Stalls	Removal of market stalls, raised with the unitary council.

What the councillor's report described [3]

- “It would have been hard to reach someone in a medical emergency.”
- Wheelchair users were struggling.
- People carried glass from pubs into the crowd.
- Professional event management was estimated at £10,000 to £15,000.

The newspaper report described Martyn's Law as “coming into force in 2027” [3]. The regulator's own wording is that it is expected to come into force in spring 2027 [11]. We use the regulator's wording.

ACTION

List which of these five measures you could use, and who would need to agree each one.

04

Martyn's Law: what is known and not known

The Terrorism (Protection of Premises) Act 2025 received Royal Assent on 3 April 2025 [12]. The SIA is the regulator [11].

What the SIA says [11]

Timing	"It is expected that the Act will come into force in spring 2027."
Guidance	Final guidance and a consultation report are due "in autumn 2026".
Events	Events are likely in scope if they are accessible to the public, have entry checks, and "800 or more people will be present ... at the same time".
Premises	Standard tier premises are 200 to 799 people. Enhanced tier premises are 800 or more.
Procedures	Four public protection procedures: evacuation, invacuation, lockdown and communication.

What it may mean for a switch-on (OTAS reading)

- The event test includes entry checks, such as checking a ticket or pass [11].
- A free, unticketed switch-on with no entry checks may fall outside the qualifying event definition. Check the final guidance.
- The four procedures are good practice for any crowd in a public square, in scope or not.

ACTION

Put a date in the diary to read the final SIA guidance, and test your switch-on against it.



05

Why an open square is hard

HSE guidance on crowd management sets out the problem and the tools. The rest of this section is OTAS guidance.

A control point with radios, a counter and the zone plan. OTAS style image, generated from real photography. Not a record of a specific event.

Zones on switch-on night



The pressure point is the stage front at the countdown, with the exit straight after. OTAS guidance, drawing on HSE.

No turnstile

A free switch-on has no ticket count. The councillor's report described a public space with multiple access points [3].

Zones, not one figure

For outdoor spaces with less defined boundaries, HSE says to “break the task down into zones, such as arrival and exit points, viewing areas” [5].

The smallest part

Capacity is limited by the narrowest part of the route, not the size of the square. HSE lists “Stalls and concessions obstructing crowd movement” as a hazard [5].

The countdown

HSE says to anticipate surges “as the main act comes on stage” [8]. At a switch-on, that is the countdown.

Everyone leaves at once

After the lights go on, the crowd leaves together. Plan exits and transport for the 15 minutes after the switch-on.

ACTION

Draw your square as five zones on the site plan, and mark the narrowest point in each.

06

Capacity by zone: a worked method

A method, not a set of figures. OTAS professional practice, drawing on HSE.

Five steps for each zone

Measure	Measure the usable area of the zone, after stalls, the stage, barriers and the medical lane are taken out.
Find the narrowest point	Find the narrowest point on the route into and out of the zone. That point limits the zone, not the area [5].
Set a working figure	Set a working capacity below the figure you calculate, and agree it with your council or Safety Advisory Group.
Choose the count method	Choose how you will count: a rough count over a small, identified area, or sampling flow rates in and out [6].
Set the warning	Set a warning point before full, so the control point hears it in time to act.

HSE says that “Where the number of people arriving may exceed the safe capacity of the venue”, you need arrangements for monitoring and estimating arrivals, and liaison with police and transport [7].

HSE also says to agree “how excess people could be redirected before reaching the venue”, and to consider “overflow space and additional routes” [7].

ACTION

Fill in the five steps for each zone, and give the working figures to the control point.

07

The “full” call: scripts and radio words

Write the call down before the night. OTAS professional practice unless a source is shown.

The model

- One council's plan says that once the event area reaches its agreed capacity, access will be via a second street [1].

Write down

Who calls it	One named person, with the authority to call “full” and to hold the show.
The warning	A warning call when a zone nears its working figure.
The full call	The exact radio words, for example “Zone 2 full, close the street mouth, send to the second route”.
The barrier line	Which barrier line moves, and who moves it.
The message	The “square is full” message for the PA and social channels.

HSE suggests screens can draw people to less crowded areas [8]. If you can, put an overflow screen on the second route.

ACTION

Write the warning and full calls on the zone supervisors' briefing cards.

08

Medical access and accessibility

Decide medical access before the crowd forms.

The councillor's report said: “It would have been hard to reach someone in a medical emergency.” It also said wheelchair users were struggling [3].

OTAS professional practice

- Keep a sterile lane from the medical point to the stage front, and mark it on the site plan.
- Put a steward at each end of the lane, with the authority to keep it clear.
- Set an accessible viewing area away from the stage front, with its own route in and out.
- Tell people where the accessible viewing area is before the night.

ACTION

Mark the medical lane and the accessible viewing area on your site plan today.

09

What to do at each level

Operational

Know your zone limit

Report in agreed words

Keep the lane clear

Know your zone and its limit. Report density and flow at the agreed times, in the agreed words. Keep the medical lane clear. If your street mouth is closed, send people to the named second route.

Tactical

Hold and log the count

Warn before full

Move the barrier line

Hold the count for your zones and log it. Tell the control point before a zone is full, not after. Move the barrier line when “full” is called, and brief the PA message.

Strategic

Set zone capacities

Name who calls full

Agree the second route

Set the capacity for each zone and the full trigger. Name the person who calls it. Agree the second route, the medical lane and the weather decision time with the council.

ACTION

Pick one action at your level and do it before your switch-on.

10
What we do not know yet

- What the final SIA guidance on Martyn's Law will say. It is due in autumn 2026 [11].
- The exact date the Act comes into force. The SIA says it is expected in spring 2027 [11].
- Whether the Scottish city's plan will change before the weekend. The council says it is “subject to final confirmation” [1].
- How many people attend switch-ons. None of the primary sources we read gives an attendance figure.

ACTION

We will update this Insight when the SIA publishes its final guidance.

11

Coming up: dates for this season

The market town's switch-on is on Wednesday 18 November [2]. The Scottish city's event weekend runs from 20 to 22 November [1]. The English city's Christmas Fayre opens on 3 December [4]. The SIA expects to publish its final Martyn's Law guidance in autumn 2026 [11].

ACTION

If you need support with zoning, capacity and stewarding plans for a switch-on or another open space event, reach out to us to see how we can support you.

Questions

Does a free, unticketed event need a capacity?

Yes. HSE says the same crowd management principles apply “even if the event is free or takes place on urban streets or open spaces” [5]. The Purple Guide says the same of free to enter and open access events [13].

How do you count a crowd with no gates?

HSE suggests “sampling flow rates into and out of areas” and “a rough count of people over a small, identified area” for street events with few boundaries [6]. Take readings at fixed times and log them.

Is a switch-on in scope of Martyn's Law?

The SIA test for events includes entry checks, such as “checking if attendees have a ticket, pass, or are members or guests”, and “800 or more people” present at the same time [11]. Our reading is that a free, unticketed switch-on with no entry checks may fall outside the qualifying event definition. That is not a regulator statement. Check the final guidance.

When does Martyn's Law come into force?

The Terrorism (Protection of Premises) Act 2025 received Royal Assent on 3 April 2025 [12]. The SIA says: “It is expected that the Act will come into force in spring 2027” [11].

We contract our stewards. Who is responsible?

HSE says: “While certain aspects of crowd safety can be allocated to contractors, for example stewarding, you retain overall responsibility” [9].

Can a licence limit numbers in Scotland?

Yes. Under section 41 of the Civic Government (Scotland) Act 1982, a licensing authority may attach conditions “limiting the number of persons to be admitted to the premises” [16].

If your square filled 20 minutes early, who would call “full”, and where would the next person go?

ACTION

Send us your question and we will add the answer to the next update.

Sources

Web sources opened 2 November 2026 and labelled with their publisher.

1. **Perth and Kinross Council, Elected Member Briefing Note, Christmas Lights Switch-on Weekend, key event changes, 23 September 2026** pkc.gov.uk
2. **Keswick Reminder, scaled back and safer Christmas lights event decided for this year, 23 March 2026** keswickreminder.co.uk
3. **News and Star, Keswick Town Council discuss light switch future, 15 January 2026** newsandstar.co.uk
4. **BBC News, Worcester Christmas lights switch-on costs, 21 October 2026** bbc.co.uk
5. **HSE, crowd management, assess the risks** hse.gov.uk
6. **HSE, crowd management, monitoring** hse.gov.uk
7. **HSE, crowd management, controls** hse.gov.uk
8. **HSE, crowd management, control inside the venue** hse.gov.uk
9. **HSE, crowd management, roles and responsibilities** hse.gov.uk
10. **HSE, crowd management, working with others** hse.gov.uk
11. **Security Industry Authority, understanding Martyn's Law and the SIA's role as regulator, 17 July 2026** gov.uk
12. **GOV.UK, Terrorism (Protection of Premises) Act 2025 collection** gov.uk
13. **The Purple Guide, crowd management chapter summary, 26 January 2026** thepurpleguide.co.uk
14. **The Purple Guide, about the Purple Guide** thepurpleguide.co.uk
15. **Licensing Act 2003, section 4, legislation.gov.uk** legislation.gov.uk
16. **Civic Government (Scotland) Act 1982, section 41, legislation.gov.uk** legislation.gov.uk

Related OTAS Insights

These are links to other OTAS Insights pieces, not to any OTAS Live product or service.

When a rumour moves faster than your stewards

Law: this Insight summarises parts of UK law and guidance as published on legislation.gov.uk and GOV.UK. It is not legal advice. Ask your council what applies to your event, and take advice.

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Images are OTAS style images, generated from real photography. None is a record of a specific event.

ACTION

Check the sources before you quote them, and tell us if any link has changed.

OVER TO YOU

If your square filled 20 minutes early, who would call “full”, and where would the next person go?

If you need support with zoning, capacity and stewarding plans for a switch-on or another open space event, reach out to us to see how we can support you.

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